

CS 5 Lecture 6: max(LoLs), Dictators, and Dictionaries

Computing with *language*

- *What's in a Writ1 paper, anyway?*
- Battle-tested ciphers & how to break them...

Computing to the **max**

The not-so-subtle art of singling out the best (and worst) of anything...

a comparison comparison

`max('m+ms', 'kitkat')`

`max([0, 42], [4, 2])`

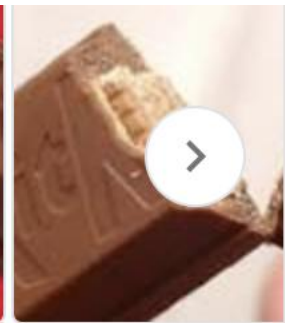
`max([4, 'm+ms'], [4, 'mocha'])`



Recursive snacks?

Cookies-and-Cream Oreos Are Basically Cookie Inception

Oreos are already cookies and cream, right?



"To clarify, the 'chocolayer' — the **filling** between the wafer of a **Kit Kat** — is made from cocoa liquor, sugar and a small amount of re-worked **Kit Kat**," a Nestlé U.K. spokesperson confirmed, adding, "Please note, re-worked **Kit Kat** is product which cannot be sold." Feb 14, 2019

www.today.com > food > kit-kat-bars-are-made-ground-k...

[Kit Kat bars are made with ground-up Kit Kats - The Today Show](#)

max

A recipe for life ?

and python already has it for us...

The real problem is knowing what
we want to maximize!

max

A recipe for life ?

and python already has it for us...

The real problem is knowing what
we want to maximize!



... or *minimize*, with **min**

to the max



Want the highest price?

```
max( [475.5, 458.0, 441.3, 470.8, 532.8, 520.9] )  
      'nov'   'jan'   'mar'   'may'   'jul'   'sep'
```

ST

What if the months are in there, as well?

```
max( [ [470.8, 'may'], [532.8, 'jul'], [520.9, 'sep'] ] )
```

STm

```
max( [ ['may', 470.8], ['jul', 532.8], ['sep', 520.9] ] )
```

mST

to the max



Want the highest price?

```
max( [475.5, 458.0, 441.3, 470.8, 532.8, 520.9] )
```

'nov' 'jan' 'mar' 'may' 'jul' 'sep'

ST

What if the months are in there, as well?

```
max( [ [470.8, 'may'], [532.8, 'jul'], [520.9, 'sep'] ] )
```

STm

```
max( [ ['may', 470.8], ['jul', 532.8], ['sep', 520.9] ] )
```

mST

Mudd's max?

MSt

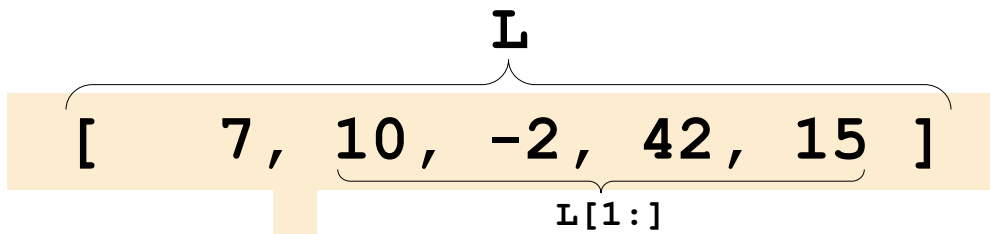
```
L = ['Harvey', 'Mudd', 'College', 'seeks', 'to', 'educate', 'engineers,', 'scientists',  
'and', 'mathematicians', 'well-versed', 'in', 'all', 'of', 'these', 'areas', 'and',  
'in', 'the', 'humanities', 'and', 'the', 'social', 'sciences', 'so', 'that', 'they',  
'may', 'assume', 'leadership', 'in', 'their', 'fields', 'with', 'a', 'clear',  
'understanding', 'of', 'the', 'impact', 'of', 'their', 'work', 'on', 'society']
```

Or Mudd's min?

min (MSt)

max (MSt)

recursive max



L = ['aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code']

```
def max( L ):
    """ returns the max element from L
        input: L, a nonempty list
    """
    if len(L) < 2: return L[0] # only 1 elem.

    maxOfRest = max(L[1:]) # max of the rest
```

max rest? my vibe!



What two elements might be the overall max?

recursive max

L
[7, 10, -2, 42, 15]
 $L[1:]$

$L = [\text{'aliens'}, \text{'zap'}, \text{'hazy'}, \text{'code'}]$

```
def max( L ):
    """ returns the max element from L
        input: L, a nonempty list
    """
    if len(L) < 2: return L[0] # only 1 elem.

    maxOfRest = max(L[1:]) # max of the rest I < 3 max rest! 🥰

    if L[0] > maxOfRest :
        return L[0] # either L[0]
    else:
        return maxOfRest # or maxOfRest!
```


max with scrabble-score

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



6

14

19

7

Which element has the highest scrabble score?

```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

```
    """ returns L's highest scrabble-scoring
        element (input: L, a nonempty list)
    """
```

```
    if len(L) < 2: return L[0] # only 1 elem.
```

```
    maxOfRest = maxSS (L[1:]) # rest's max
```

```
    if L[0] > maxOfRest :  
        return L[0] # either L[0]
```

Spacey!
I like it!



```
    else:  
        return maxOfRest # or maxOfRest!
```

max with scrabble-score

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

6 14 19 7

Which element has the highest scrabble score?



```
def maxSS ( L ) :
    """ returns L's highest scrabble-scoring
        element (input: L, a nonempty list)
    """
    if len(L) < 2: return L[0] # only 1 elem.

    maxOfRest = maxSS (L[1:]) # rest's max

    if sScore (L[0]) > sScore (maxOfRest) :
        return L[0] # either L[0]
    else:
        return maxOfRest # or maxOfRest!
```

max with scrabble-score

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

6 14 19 7

Which element has the highest scrabble score?

```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

```
    """ returns L's highest scrabble-scoring element (or an empty list)
```

Let's see if we can simplify this process... just for **LOLs!**

```
    return L[0] # only 1 elem.
```

```
    maxOfRest = maxSS (L[1:]) # rest's max
```

```
    if sScore (L[0]) > sScore (maxOfRest) :
```

```
        return L[0] # either L[0]
```

```
    else :
```

```
        return maxOfRest # or maxOfRest!
```

A more *comprehensive* solution: LoL

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

6

14

19

7

```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

```
    """ returns L's max-scrabble-score word
```

```
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [sScore(w) , w] for w in L ]
```

```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```



A more *comprehensive* solution: LoL

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



6

14

19

7

```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

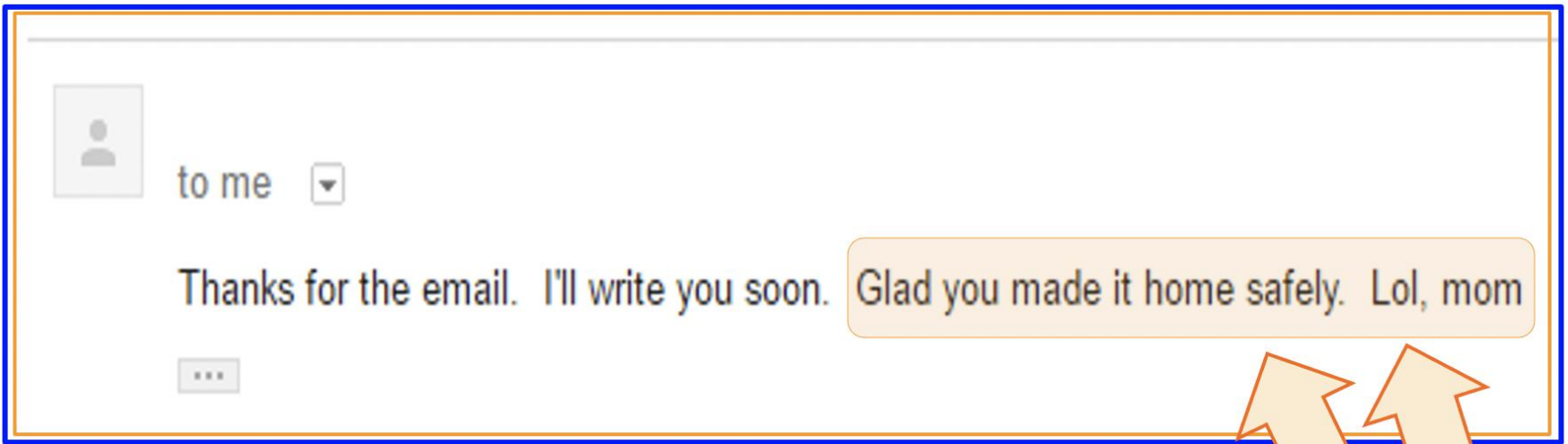
```
    """ returns L's max-scrabble-score word
```

```
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [sScore(w) , w] for w in L ]
```



This
does
look
funny!



A more *comprehensive* solution: **LoL**



def maxS

''' '''

''' '''

LoL

LOL

Also found in: [Dictionary](#), [Idioms](#), [Encyclopedia](#), [Wikipedia](#).

Category filter:

Acronym **Definition**

LOL	Laugh(<i>ing</i>) Out Loud
LOL	Lots Of Love
LOL	League of Legends (<i>game</i>)
LOL	Little Old Lady
LOL	Lots Of Laughs
LOL	Labor of Love
LOL	Loads of Love
LOL	Land O' Lakes
LOL	Lots Of Luck
LOL	Loss of Life (<i>insurance</i>)
LOL	Locks of Love (<i>Lake Worth, Florida charity</i>)
LOL	List of Lists
LOL	Lack of Love (<i>game</i>)
LOL	Lowest of the Low
LOL	Lady of the Lake

...e word

...]

...y. Lol, mom

A more *comprehensive* solution: LoL

def maxS

''' '''

''' '''

LoL



LOL

Also found in: [Dictionary](#), [Idioms](#), [Encyclopedia](#), [Wikipedia](#).

Category filter:

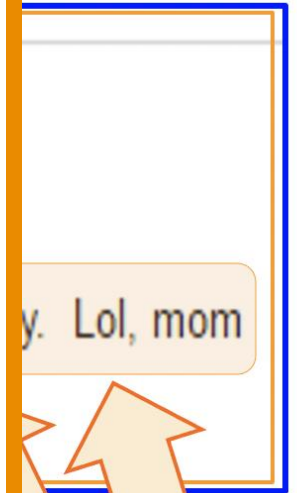
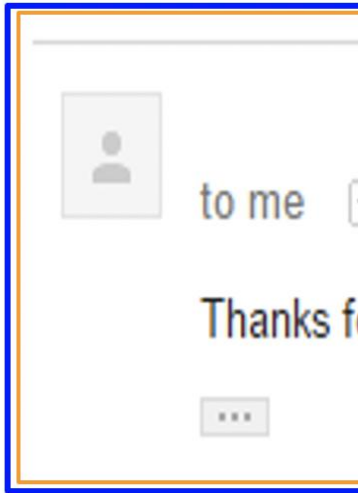
Acronym **Definition**

LOL	Laugh(<i>ing</i>) Out Loud
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LOL	Lots Of Laughs
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LOL	Land O' Lakes
LOL	Lots Of Luck
LOL	Loss of Life (<i>insurance</i>)
LOL	Locks of Love (<i>Lake Worth, Florida charity</i>)
LOL	List of Lists
LOL	Lack of Love (<i>game</i>)
LOL	Lowest of the Low
LOL	Lady of the Lake

...e word

...]

...y. Lol, mom



A more *comprehensive* solution: LoL

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



6

14

19

7

I loathe
hazy
code!



```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

```
    """ returns L's max-scrabble-score word
```

```
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [sScore(w) , w] for w in L ]
```

```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```

Let's follow the data ...

A more *comprehensive* solution

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



6

14

19

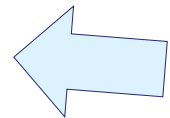
7

```
def maxSS ( L ) :
```

```
    """ returns L's max-scrabble-score word
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [sScore(w) , w] for w in L ]
```

```
    LoL = [ [6,'aliens'], [14,'zap'], [19,'hazy'], [7,'code'] ]
```



LoL



```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
        bestpair = [19,'hazy']
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```

```
        'hazy'
```

Data, followed!

Everything ... is a max problem?

I know the best word here... but does Python?



```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

```
def mystery ( L ) :
```

```
    """ another example - what's returned? """
```

```
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [vw1(w), w] for w in L ]
```

```
    LoL = [ [ , 'aliens'], [ , 'zap'], [ , 'hazy'], [ , 'code'] ]
```

```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
    bestpair =
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```

Let's follow the data ...

Everything ... is a max problem?

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

```
def mystery ( L ) :
```

```
    """ another example - what's returned?
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [vwl(w), w] for w in L ]
```

```
    LoL = [ [ 3 , 'aliens'], [ 1 , 'zap'], [ 1 , 'hazy'], [ 2 , 'code' ] ]
```

```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
    bestpair = [ 3 , 'aliens']
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```

```
'aliens'
```

Data, followed!



Everything ... is a max problem?

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



I know the best
word here... but
does Python?



```
def mystery2( L ):
    """ another example - what's returned?
    """
    LoL = [ [w[::-1], w] for w in L ]

    bestpair = max( LoL )

    return bestpair[1]
```

Let's follow the data ...

Everything ... is a max problem?

I know the best word here... but does Python?



```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



```
def mystery2( L ):
```

```
    """ another example - what's returned?
    """
```

```
    LoL = [ [w[::-1], w] for w in L ]
```

```
    LoL = [ [ 'sneila' , 'aliens'], [ 'paz' , 'zap'], [ 'yzah' , 'hazy'], [ 'edoc' , 'code' ] ]
```

```
    bestpair = max( LoL )
```

```
        bestpair =
```

```
    return bestpair[1]
```

... processing ...

Everything ... is a max problem?

I know the best word here... but does Python?



```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



```
def mystery2( L ):
    """ another example - what's returned?
    """
    LoL = [ [w[::-1], w] for w in L ]
    LoL = [ ['sneila', 'aliens'], ['paz', 'zap'], ['yzah', 'hazy'], ['edoc', 'code'] ]

    bestpair = max( LoL )
    bestpair = ['yzah', 'hazy']

    return bestpair[1]

    'hazy'
```

Data, followed!

Other examples...

What is `bestnumb` ?

```
>>> bestnumb ( [10,20,30,40,50,60,70] )  
40
```

```
>>> bestnumb ( [100,200,300,400] )  
100
```

```
>>> bestnumb ( [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,7] )  
8
```

```
>>> mostnumb ( [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,7] )  
7
```



Matching LoLs

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

```
def maxlen(L):
```

```
L = [ 30, 40, 50 ]
```

```
def bestnumb(L):
```

```
L = [ 3,4,5,7,6,7 ]
```

```
def mostnumb(L):
```

```
(A) LoL = [ [abs(x-42), x] for x in L ]
```

```
(B) LoL = [ [count(x,L), x] for x in L ]
```

```
(C) LoL = [ [len(x), x] for x in L ]
```


LoLs!

```
L = ['aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code']
```

Name(s) _____

```
def maxlen(L):
    LoL = [ [len(s), s] for s in L ]
```

1. What is LoL? here is a start: LoL is [[6,'aliens'], [3,'zap'], _____, _____]

```
bstpr = max( LoL )
```

```
return bstpr[1]
```

Extra:
Change exactly three characters in this code so that 3 is returned.

```
L = [ 30, 40, 50 ]
```

Use the LoL method to write these two functions

```
def bestnumb(L):
    """ returns the # in L closest to 42 """
    LoL = [ _____ ]
    bstpr = _____
    return bstpr[1]
```

Hint: Python has `abs(x)` built-in

```
def mostnumb(L):
    """ returns the item most often in L """
    LoL = [ _____ ]
    bstpr = _____
    return bstpr[1]
```

Hint: Use this helper function!

```
def count(e, L):
    """ returns # of e's in L """
    LC = _____
    return sum(LC)
```

Extra: Write the LC that implements this helper function!

LoLs' sols

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```

```
def maxlen (L) :
    LoL = [ [len(s),s] for s in L ]
```

1. What is LoL? [[6,'aliens'], [3,'zap'], [4,'hazy'], [4,'code']]

```
bstpr = max( LoL )
```

```
return bstpr[1]
```

Extra!

Change exactly three characters in this code so that 3 is returned.

```
L = [ 30, 40, 50 ]
```

```
def bestnumb (L) :
    """ returns the # in L closest to 42 """
    LoL = [ [abs(x-42),x] for x in L ]
    bstpr = min( LoL )
    return bstpr[1]
```

Hint: Python has abs(x) built-in

```
L = [ 3,4,5,7,6,7 ]
```

```
def mostnumb ( L ) :
    """ returns the item most often in L """
    LoL = [ [count(e,L),e] for e in L ]
    bstpr = max( LoL )
    return bstpr[1]
```

Hint: Use this helper function!

```
def count (e, L) :
    """ returns # of e's in L """
    LC = [ 1 for x in L if x == e ]
    return sum(LC)
```

Extra: Write the LC that implements this helper function!

```
L = [ 'aliens', 'zap', 'hazy', 'code' ]
```



```
def maxlen(L):
```

```
    LoL = [ [len(s), s] for s in L ]
```

1. What is LoL? [[6,'aliens'], [3,'zap'], [4,'hazy'], [4,'code']]

```
    bstpr = max( LoL )
```

2. What is bstpr? [6,'aliens']

```
    return bstpr[1]
```

3. What is returned? 'aliens'

Extra! Change exactly three characters in this code so that 3 is returned.

bestnumb

[30, 40, 50]



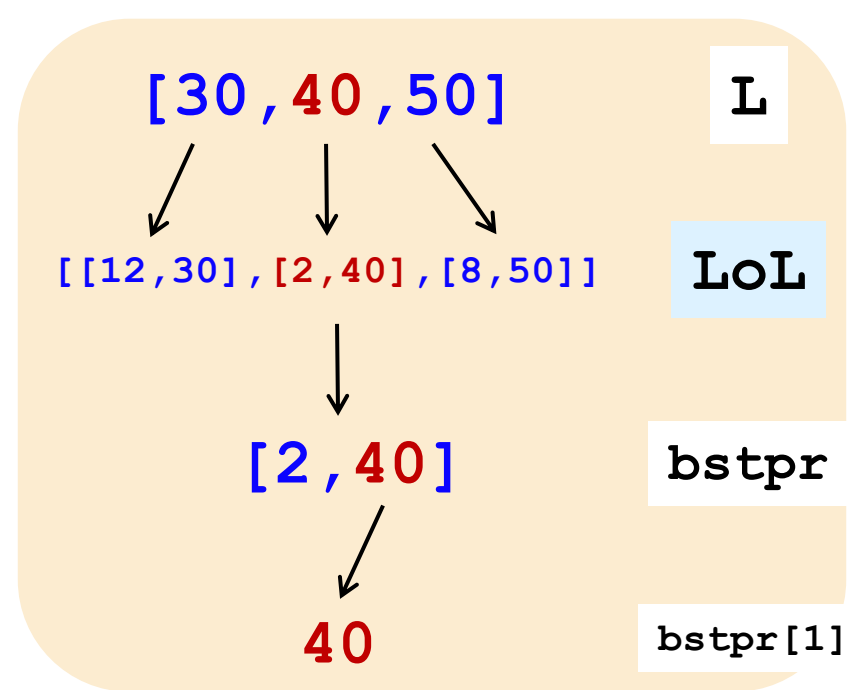
```
def bestnumb( L ):
```

```
    """ returns the # closest to 42 in L """
```

```
    LoL = [ [abs(x-42), x] for x in L ]
```

```
    bstpr = min( LoL )
```

```
    return bstpr[1]
```



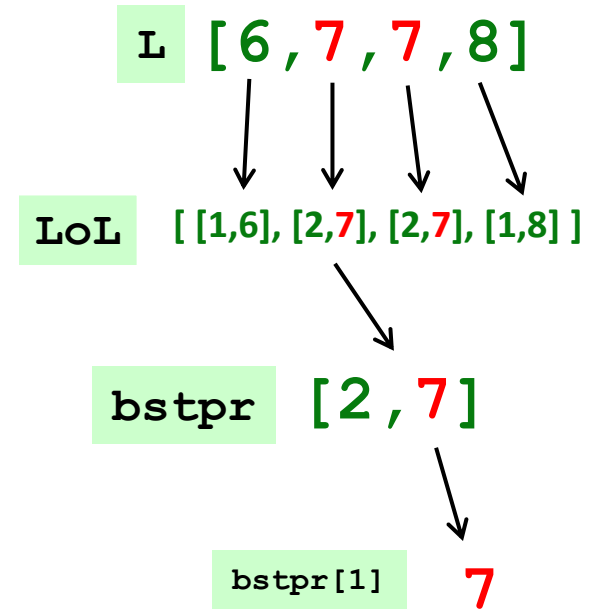
Helper function: `count(e,L)`

```
def count( e, L ):  
    """ returns the # of e's in L """  
    LC = [ 1 for x in L if x==e ]  
    return sum( LC )
```

[6, 7, 7, 8]

```
def mostnumb( L ):  
    """ returns the item most often in L """  
    LoL = [ [count(e,L), e] for e in L ]  
    bstpr = max( LoL )  
    return bstpr[1]
```

mostnumb



Could you use x here
instead of e?



Computing with *language*



→ **ideas / meaning**



→ **language / words / phrases**



→ **strings**



Python strings
are here.

"alphabetic processions"



→ **numbers / bits**

Computing with *language*



ideas / meaning

open questions...

Eliza, Siri, Tay ... trouble?



language / words / phrases

This week...

processing language -
how English-y is it?



strings

how strings are
represented and stored

Next week...

numbers / bits

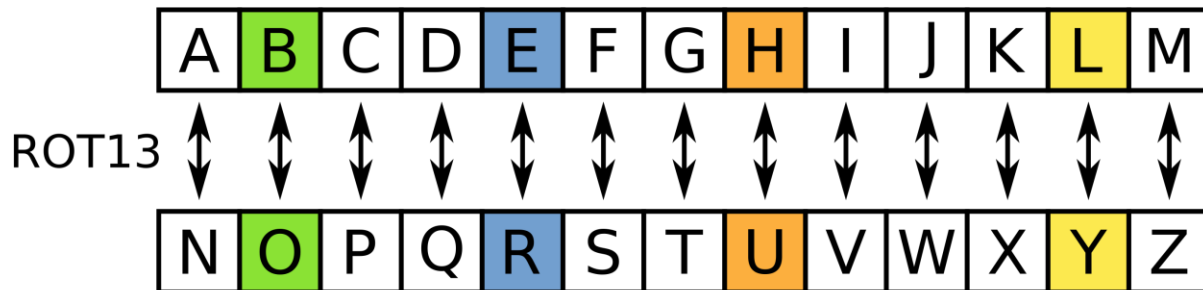


A Joke...

What do you call a factory that makes okay products?

N fngvfsnpgbel.

*The punchline has been
“hidden” via rot13.*



ASCII \subset Unicode

American Standard Code for Information Interchange

chr(8834)

convert # to char

chr



ord

convert char to #

Binary	Dec	Hex	Glyph
0010 0000	32	20	(blank) (space)
0010 0001	33	21	!
0010 0010	34	22	"
0010 0011	35	23	#
0010 0100	36	24	\$
0010 0101	37	25	%
0010 0110	38	26	&
0010 0111	39	27	'
0010 1000	40	28	(
0010 1001	41	29)
0010 1010	42	2A	*
0010 1011	43	2B	+
0010 1100	44	2C	,
0010 1101	45	2D	-
0010 1110	46	2E	.
0010 1111	47	2F	/
0011 0000	48	30	0
0011 0001	49	31	1

Bin	Dec	Hex	Glyph
0100 0000	64	40	@
0100 0001	65	41	A
0100 0010	66	42	B
0100 0011	67	43	C
0100 0100	68	44	D
0100 0101	69	45	E
0100 0110	70	46	F
0100 0111	71	47	G
0100 1000	72	48	H
0100 1001	73	49	I
0100 1010	74	4A	J
0100 1011	75	4B	K
0100 1100	76	4C	L
0100 1101	77	4D	M
0100 1110	78	4E	N
0100 1111	79	4F	O
0101 0000	80	50	P
0101 0001	81	51	Q

Bin	Dec	Hex	Glyph
0110 0000	96	60	`
0110 0001	97	61	a
0110 0010	98	62	b
0110 0011	99	63	c
0110 0100	100	64	d
0110 0101	101	65	e
0110 0110	102	66	f
0110 0111	103	67	g
0110 1000	104	68	h
0110 1001	105	69	i
0110 1010	106	6A	j
0110 1011	107	6B	k
0110 1100	108	6C	l
0110 1101	109	6D	m
0110 1110	110	6E	n
0110 1111	111	6F	o
0111 0000	112	70	p
0111 0001	113	71	q

This is why 'CS' < 'clear' !

Unicode

Universal Character Encoding

0	1FA00	1FA01	1FA02	1FA03	1FA04	1FA05	1FA06	1FA07	1FA08	1FA09	1FA0A	1FA0B	1FA0C	1FA0D	1FA0E	1FA0F
1	1FA10	1FA11	1FA12	1FA13	1FA14	1FA15	1FA16	1FA17	1FA18	1FA19	1FA1A	1FA1B	1FA1C	1FA1D	1FA1E	1FA1F
2	1FA20	1FA21	1FA22	1FA23	1FA24	1FA25	1FA26	1FA27	1FA28	1FA29	1FA2A	1FA2B	1FA2C	1FA2D	1FA2E	1FA2F
3	1FA30	1FA31	1FA32	1FA33	1FA34	1FA35	1FA36	1FA37	1FA38	1FA39	1FA3A	1FA3B	1FA3C	1FA3D	1FA3E	1FA3F
4	1FA40	1FA41	1FA42	1FA43	1FA44	1FA45	1FA46	1FA47	1FA48	1FA49	1FA4A	1FA4B	1FA4C	1FA4D	1FA4E	1FA4F
5	1FA50	1FA51	1FA52	1FA53	1FA54	1FA55	1FA56	1FA57	1FA58	1FA59	1FA5A	1FA5B	1FA5C	1FA5D	1FA5E	1FA5F
6	1FA60	1FA61	1FA62	1FA63	1FA64	1FA65	1FA66	1FA67	1FA68	1FA69	1FA6A	1FA6B	1FA6C	1FA6D	1FA6E	1FA6F
7	1FA70	1FA71	1FA72	1FA73	1FA74	1FA75	1FA76	1FA77	1FA78	1FA79	1FA7A	1FA7B	1FA7C	1FA7D	1FA7E	1FA7F
8	1FA80	1FA81	1FA82	1FA83	1FA84	1FA85	1FA86	1FA87	1FA88	1FA89	1FA8A	1FA8B	1FA8C	1FA8D	1FA8E	1FA8F
9	1FA90	1FA91	1FA92	1FA93	1FA94	1FA95	1FA96	1FA97	1FA98	1FA99	1FA9A	1FA9B	1FA9C	1FA9D	1FA9E	1FA9F

75F	靠	靡	面	面	醜
9760	靠	靡	面	面	醜
9761	靠	靡	面	面	醜
9762	靠	靡	面	面	醜
9763	靠	靡	面	面	醜
9764	靠	靡	面	面	醜
985F	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
9860	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
9861	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
9862	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
9863	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
9864	頰	頰	頰	頰	頰
995F	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9960	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9961	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9962	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9963	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9964	饜	饜	饜	饜	饜
9A5F	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A60	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A61	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A62	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A63	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A64	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾
9A65	騾	騾	騾	騾	騾

39266

Some fun characters...

chr(39266) chr(9835) chr(9731) chr(19977) + chr(30524)

extra terrestrial: 外星人

My favorite is chr(1661)



220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	22A	22B	22C	22D	22E	22F
2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	220A	220B	220C	220D	220E	220F
2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	221A	221B	221C	221D	221E	221F
2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	222A	222B	222C	222D	222E	222F
2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	223A	223B	223C	223D	223E	223F
2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	224A	224B	224C	224D	224E	224F
2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	225A	225B	225C	225D	225E	225F
2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	226A	226B	226C	226D	226E	226F
2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	227A	227B	227C	227D	227E	227F
2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	228A	228B	228C	228D	228E	228F
2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	229A	229B	229C	229D	229E	229F
22A0	22A1	22A2	22A3	22A4	22A5	22A6	22A7	22A8	22A9	22AA	22AB	22AC	22AD	22AE	22AF
22B0	22B1	22B2	22B3	22B4	22B5	22B6	22B7	22B8	22B9	22BA	22BB	22BC	22BD	22BE	22BF
22C0	22C1	22C2	22C3	22C4	22C5	22C6	22C7	22C8	22C9	22CA	22CB	22CC	22CD	22CE	22CF
22D0	22D1	22D2	22D3	22D4	22D5	22D6	22D7	22D8	22D9	22DA	22DB	22DC	22DD	22DE	22DF
22E0	22E1	22E2	22E3	22E4	22E5	22E6	22E7	22E8	22E9	22EA	22EB	22EC	22ED	22EE	22EF
22F0	22F1	22F2	22F3	22F4	22F5	22F6	22F7	22F8	22F9	22FA	22FB	22FC	22FD	22FE	22FF

Rot13

a useful and illustrative starting point...



a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
97	99	101	103	105	107	109	111	113	115	117	119	121	122												
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
65	67	69	71	73	75	77	79	81	83	85	87	89	90												

`rot13('a')` should output `'n'`

`rot13('M')` should output `'Z'`

adding 13

`rot13('n')` should output `'a'`

`rot13('W')` should output `'J'`

wrapping

`rot13(' ')` should output `' '`

`rot13('<')` should output `'<'`

spaces + other
characters

ASCII and Unicode

chr value

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
97 99 101 103 105 107 109 111 113 115 117 119 122 ord value

chr value

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
65 67 69 71 73 75 77 79 81 83 85 87 90 ord value

convert # to char

chr



ord

convert char to #

What is `ord('U') // 2`?

What is `chr(ord('i') + 13)`?

What is `chr(ord('W') + 13)`?



how do we wrap?

any single character, `c`

Writing Rot13

```
def rot13(c):
```

```
    """Rotates c by 13 chars, "wrapping" as needed.
    NON-LETTERS don't change!
    """
```

```
    if 'a' <= c <= 'z':
```

(0) What do these tests do?

```
        if ord(c) + 13 <= ord('z'):
```

```
            return chr(ord(c) + 13)
```

```
        else:
```

```
            return chr( )
```

(1) What code will "wrap" to the alphabet's other side?

```
    elif 'A' <= c <= 'Z':
```

uppercase test!

(2) How will uppercase change? Try noting only the code *differences*...

```
    else:
```

(3) What if `c` is not a letter at all?

Extra: How would you rotate `n` places, instead of 13?

any single character, `c`

Writing Rot13

```
def rot13(c):
```

```
    """Rotates c by 13 chars, "wrapping" as needed  
    NON-LETTERS don't change!  
    """
```

```
    if 'a' <= c <= 'z':
```

(0) What do these tests do?

```
        if ord(c) + 13 <= ord('z'):
```

```
            return chr(ord(c) + 13)
```

```
        else:
```

```
            return chr(ord(c) + 13 - 26)
```

(1) What code will "wrap" to the alphabet's other side?

```
    elif 'A' <= c <= 'Z': # uppercase test!
```

Same, but for 'Z'

(2) How will uppercase change? Try noting only the code *differences*...

```
    else:
```

```
        return c
```

(3) What if `c` is not a letter at all?

use `n` instead of 13

Extra: How would you rotate `n` places, instead of 13?

Look it up!

{ 'a': 'n', 'A': 'N', 'b': 'o', 'B': 'O',
'c': 'p', 'C': 'P', 'd': 'q', 'D': 'Q',
'e': 'r', 'E': 'R', 'f': 's', 'F': 'S',
'g': 't', 'G': 'T', 'h': 'u', 'H': 'U',
'i': 'v', 'I': 'V', 'j': 'w', 'J': 'W',
'k': 'x', 'K': 'X', 'l': 'y', 'L': 'Y',
'm': 'z', 'M': 'Z', 'n': 'a', 'N': 'A',
'o': 'b', 'O': 'B', 'p': 'c', 'P': 'C',
'q': 'd', 'Q': 'D', 'r': 'e', 'R': 'E',
's': 'f', 'S': 'F', 't': 'g', 'T': 'G',
'u': 'h', 'U': 'H', 'v': 'i', 'V': 'I',
'w': 'j', 'W': 'J', 'x': 'k', 'X': 'K',
'y': 'l', 'Y': 'L', 'z': 'm', 'Z': 'M' }



Language? Dictionaries!

```
dictionary D = { keys values
  "induction": "self-reference in math",
  "recursion": "self-reference in cs",
  "flexion": "self-reference everywhere else",
  42: "the answer",
  "dictionary": "a cs lookup table, like this!"
}
```


Language? Dictionaries!

```
dictionary D = { keys "induction": values "self-reference in math",  
                "recursion": "self-reference in cs",  
                "flexion": "self-reference everywhere else",  
                | 42: "the answer",  
                "dictionary": "a cs lookup table, like this!"  
            }
```

```
D["keyrecursion"] == "valueself-reference in cs"
```

```
D[key42] == "valuethe answer"
```

Dictionaries are **lookup tables!**
Looking up a **key** provides the table's **value**.

Lists are *sequential* containers:

L = [47, 5, 47, 42]

0 1 2 3

elements are looked up by their **location**, or **index**, starting from 0

Dictionaries are *arbitrary* containers:

d = { 47 : 2, 42 : 'Y' }

key value key value

elements (or values) are looked up by a **key** starting anywhere you want! **Keys** don't have to be ints!

Lists are *sequential* containers:

`L = [47, 5, 47, 42]`

0 1 2 3

elements are looked up by their **location**, or **index**, starting from 0

Dictionaries are *arbitrary* containers:

`d = { 'a': 2, 'x': 'y' }`

key value key value

elements (or values) are looked up by a **key** starting anywhere you want! **Keys** don't have to be ints!

Look it up!

Writing Rot13

```
rot13dict = {'a': 'n', 'A': 'N', 'b': 'o', 'B': 'O',  
            'c': 'p', 'C': 'P', 'd': 'q', 'D': 'Q',  
            'e': 'r', 'E': 'R', 'f': 's', 'F': 'S',  
            'g': 't', 'G': 'T', 'h': 'u', 'H': 'U',  
            'i': 'v', 'I': 'V', 'j': 'w', 'J': 'W',  
            'k': 'x', 'K': 'X', 'l': 'y', 'L': 'Y',  
            'm': 'z', 'M': 'Z', 'n': 'a', 'N': 'A',  
            'o': 'b', 'O': 'B', 'p': 'c', 'P': 'C',  
            'q': 'd', 'Q': 'D', 'r': 'e', 'R': 'E',  
            's': 'f', 'S': 'F', 't': 'g', 'T': 'G',  
            'u': 'h', 'U': 'H', 'v': 'i', 'V': 'I',  
            'w': 'j', 'W': 'J', 'x': 'k', 'X': 'K',  
            'y': 'l', 'Y': 'L', 'z': 'm', 'Z': 'M'}
```

```
def rot13alt( c ):
```

```
    """ rotates c by 13 chars, "wrapping" as needed  
    NON-LETTERS DO NOT CHANGE! """
```

```
    if c in rot13dict:
```

```
        return rot13dict[c]
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return c
```

Or use modulo!

Writing Rot13

```
def rot13mod( c ):
    """ rotates c by 13 chars, "wrapping" as needed
        NON-LETTERS DO NOT CHANGE!
    """
    lc = c.lower()
    if 'a' <= lc <= 'z':
        index = ord(lc) - ord('a')
        new_index = (index + 13) % 26
        delta = new_index - index
        return chr( ord(c) + delta )
    else:
        return c
```



Caesar

Caesar Cipher: encipher



Brutus

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',25)
'Aycqyp agnfcq? G npcfcq Aycqyp qyjb.'
```

S1

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',15)
'Qosgof qwdvsf? W dfstsf Qosgof gozor.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',4)
'Fdhvdu flskhu? L suhihu Fdhvdu vdodg.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',0)
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',1)
```

S2



Caesar

Caesar Cipher: encipher



Brutus

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',25)
'Aycqyp agnfcq? G npcdcq Aycqyp qyjb.'
```

s1

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',15)
'Qosgof qwdvsf? W dfstsf Qosgof gozor.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',4)
'Fdhvdu flskhu? L suhihu Fdhvdu vdodg.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',0)
'Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',1)
'Caesar cipher? I prefer Caesar salad.'
```

Caesar Cipher: **encipher**

encipher (**s** , **N**)

returns the string **s** with each *alphabetic* character shifted/wrapped by **N** places in the alphabet

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 0)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'I <3 Latin'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 1)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'J <3 Mbujo'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 2)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'K <3 Ncvkp'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 3)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'L <3 Odwlq'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 4)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'M <3 Pexmr'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 5)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'N <3 Qfyns'`

⋮

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 25)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'H <3 Kzshm'`

Caesar Cipher: encipher

encipher (**s**, **N**)

returns the string **s** with each *alphabetic* character shifted/wrapped by **N** places in the alphabet

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 0)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'I <3 Latin'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 1)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'J <3 Mbujo'`

`encipher('I <3 Latin' , 2)` $\xrightarrow{\text{returns}}$ `'K <3 Ncvkp'`

“...si qua occultius perferenda erant, per notas scripsit, id est sic structo litterarum ordine, ut nullum verbum effici posset; quae si qui investigare et persequi velit, quartam elementorum litteram, id est D pro A et perinde reliquas commutet...”

- Suetonius, *De Vitae Caesar*

“...if any were to be conveyed more secretly, he wrote in notes, that is, in such a structured order of letters that no word could be made; that is, he exchanges D for A and exchanges the rest in the same manner...”

- Suetonius, *The Life of Caesar*



Caesar

Caesar Cipher: encipher



Brutus

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',25)
'Aycqyp agnfcq? G npcdcq Aycqyp qyjb.'
```

S1

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',15)
'Qosgof qwdvsf? W dfstsf Qosgof gozor.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',4)
'Fdhvdu flskhu? L suhihu Fdhvdu vdodg.'
```

```
>>> encipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.',1)
'Caesar cipher? I prefer Caesar salad.'
```

**But encipher is only
half of the challenge...**

```
>>> encipher('Hu lkbjhapvu pz doha ylthpuz hmaly dl mvynla '\
            'lcllyfaopun dl ohcl slhyulk.',19)
'An education is what remains after we forget everything we
have learned.'
```

S2



Caesar

Caesar Cipher: decipher



Brutus

```
>>> decipher('Bzdrzq bhogdq? H oqdedq Bzdrzq rzkzc.')
'Caesar cipher? I prefer Caesar salad.'
```

S1

S2

```
>>> decipher('Hu lkbjhavpu pz doha ylthpuz hmaly dl mvynla '\
             'lcllyfaopun dl ohcl slhyulk.')
'An education is what remains after we forget everything we
have learned.'
```

```
>>> decipher('Uifz xpsl ju pvu xjui b qfodjm!')
```

PL

LAT

```
>>> decipher('gv vw dtwvg')
```

How!?

Which is more "computationally challenging"? encipher or decipher?

Decipher?

Strategies?

Algorithms?

Decipher?

*All possible
decipherings*

Strategies?

Algorithms?

gv vw dtwvg
hw wx euxwh
ix xy fvyxi
jy yz gwzyj
kz za hxazk
la ab iybal
mb bc jzcbm
nc cd kadcn
od de lbedo
pe ef mcfep
qf fg ndgfq
rg gh oehgr
sh hi pfihs
ti ij qgjti
uj jk rhkju
vk kl silkv
wl lm tjmlw
xm mn uknmx
yn no vlony
zo op wmpoz
ap pq xnqpa
bq qr yorqb
cr rs zpsrc
ds st aqtsd
et tu brute
fu uv csvuf

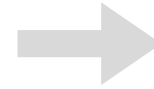
Decipher?

All possible decipherings

```

gv vw dtwvg
hw wx euxwh
ix xy fvyxi
jy yz gwzyj
kz za hxazk
la ab iybal
mb bc jzcbm
nc cd kadcnc
od de lbedo
pe ef mcfep
qf fg ndgfg
rg gh oehgr
sh hi pfihs
ti ij qgjit
uj jk rhkju
vk kl silkv
wl lm tjmlw
xm mn uknmx
yn no vlony
zo op wmpoz
ap pq xnqpa
bq qr yorqb
cr rs zpsrc
ds st aqtsd
et tu brute
fu uv csvuf

```



```

[0, 'gv vw dtwvg'],
[2, 'hw wx euxwh'],
[2, 'ix xy fvyxi'],
[0, 'jy yz gwzyj'],
[2, 'kz za hxazk'],
[4, 'la ab iybal'],
[0, 'mb bc jzcbm'],
[1, 'nc cd kadcnc'],
[4, 'od de lbedo'],
[3, 'pe ef mcfep'],
[0, 'qf fg ndgfg'],
[2, 'rg gh oehgr'],
[2, 'sh hi pfihs'],
[3, 'ti ij qgjit'],
[2, 'uj jk rhkju'],
[1, 'vk kl silkv'],
[0, 'wl lm tjmlw'],
[1, 'xm mn uknmx'],

```

Score them all

Strategies?

Algorithms?

```

decPR(LAT)
decPR2(LAT)
decPR3(LAT)

```

What score could quantify "English-ness"?

What is this "scored stuff" an example of?

Measuring *Englishness*

Very English-y

higher scores

quantifying
Englishness?

lower scores

Not English-y

"Call me Ishmael."

"Attack at dawn!"

"rainbow, table, candle"

"Yow! Legally-imposed CULTURE-reduction
is CABBAGE-BRAINED!"

"quadruplicity drinks procrastination"

"Hold the newsreader's nose squarely, waiter, or
friendly milk will countermand my trousers."

"the gostak distims the doshes"

"hension, framble, bardle"

"jufict, stofwus, lictpub"

"itehbs, rsnevtr, khbsota"

"epadxo, nojarpn, gdxokpw"

"h o q dedqBzdrzqrzkzc"

All of these sound
good to me!



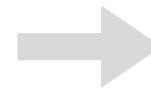
Decipher?

All possible decipherings

```

gv vw dtwvg
hw wx euxwh
ix xy fvyxi
jy yz gwzyj
kz za hxazk
la ab iybal
mb bc jzcbm
nc cd kadcnc
od de lbedo
pe ef mcfep
qf fg ndgfg
rg gh oehgr
sh hi pfihs
ti ij qgjit
uj jk rhkju
vk kl silkv
wl lm tjmlw
xm mn uknmx
yn no vlony
zo op wmpoz
an

```



max!

```

[0, 'gv vw dtwvg'],
[2, 'hw wx euxwh'],
[2, 'ix xy fvyxi'],
[0, 'jy yz gwzyj'],
[2, 'kz za hxazk'],
[4, 'la ab iybal'],
[0, 'mb bc jzcbm'],
[1, 'nc cd kadcnc'],
[4, 'od de lbedo'],
[3, 'pe ef mcfep'],
[0, 'qf fg ndgfg'],
[2, 'rg gh oehgr'],
[2, 'sh hi pfihs'],
[3, 'ti ij qgjit'],
[2, 'uj jk rhkju'],
[1, 'vk kl silkv'],
[0, 'wl lm tjmlw'],
[1, 'xm mn uknmx'],
[2, 'yn no vlony'],
[3, 'zo op wmpoz'],
[2, 'ap pq xnqpa'],
[1, 'bq qr yorqb'],
[0, 'cr rs zpsrc'],
[1, 'ds st aqtsd'],
[4, 'et tu brute'],
[3, 'fu uv csvuf']

```

Score them all

Strategies?

Algorithms?

"Englishness" score based on #-of-vowels

This is a LoL!

```

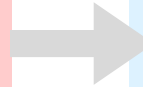
decPR(LAT)
decPR2(LAT)
decPR3(LAT)

```


Decipher?

All possible decipherings

gv vw dtwvg
hw wx euxwh
ix xy fvyxi
jy yz gwzyj
kz za hxazk
la ab iybal
mb bc jzcbm
nc cd kadcnc
od de lbedo
pe ef mcfep
qf fg ndgfg
rg gh oehgr
sh hi pfihs
ti ij qgjit
uj jk rhkju
vk kl silkv
wl lm tjmlw
xm mn uknmx



S
C
O
R
E
S

[[27, 'gv vw dtwvg'],
[38, 'hw wx euxwh'],
[42, 'ix xy fvyxi'],
[54, 'jy yz gwzyj'],
[54, 'kz za hxazk'],
[16, 'la ab iybal'],
[39, 'mb bc jzcbm'],
[21, 'nc cd kadcnc'],
[14, 'od de lbedo'],
[23, 'pe ef mcfep'],
[39, 'qf fg ndgfg'],
[18, 'rg gh oehgr'],
[23, 'sh hi pfihs'],
[33, 'ti ij qgjit'],
[41, 'uj jk rhkju'],
[27, 'vk kl silkv'],
[26, 'wl lm tjmlw'],
[33, 'xm mn uknmx'],
[18, 'yn no vlony'],
[36, 'zo op wmpoz'],
[40, 'ap pq xnqpa'],
[43, 'bq qr yorqb'],
[24, 'cr rs zpsrc'],
[20, 'ds st aqtsd'],
[11, 'et tu brute'],
[23, 'fu uv csvuf']]

Strategies?

Algorithms?

"Englishness"
"based on
scrabble-
scores

LoL !!

decPR(LAT)
decPR2(LAT)
decPR3(LAT)

