# **Optimize your Engineering Life: Outline**

### General

- Mouse Selection
- Vim
- Bash
  - Jobs
  - Shell scripts
  - Directory stack
  - History
  - Editor mode
- SSH Keys
- Tmux

Meta-optimizations

## Selecting Using the Mouse

## To select multiple words:



Double-click to select a word

Drag to extend the selection (word-at-a-time)

To select multiple lines:

Triple-click to select a line

Drag to extend the selection (line-at-a-time)

Editing code: to move one or more lines:

Triple-click select and cut

Move to *beginning* of the desired paste line Paste

Bonus: Don't delete selected text before typing

### Vim

Master your text editor!

/usr/bin/vimtutor

Practice something new each day.

Don't use arrow keys (h j k l, instead)

Redo last command: .

Undo last command: u

# Vim

### Insert mode:

- Different ways to get into insert mode:
- i: insert where cursor is
- a: insert after where cursor is
- o: create new line after this line and insert there
- O: create new line before this line and insert there
- A: insert after the end of this line
- I: insert before the beginning of this line

### Replace mode:

• R: like insert mode but replaces existing characters Hint: map caps-lock key to ESC

# Vim

## Normal mode:

- Powerful movement operators.
- Deletion, clipboard commands, macros.

## Command mode:

- Enter with : character
- Operates on one or more lines
- Very powerful
  - Fancy regular expression search/replace
    - -E.g., replace all occurrences of foo with bar

-:%s/foo/bar/g

- Sort all lines :%!sort

## Visual mode:

make rectangular selections of text

## Job Handling in Bash

Run command in background command & List background and suspended jobs jobs Suspend foreground job <Ctrl-Z> Put current suspended job in background bq Bring background job to foreground %job number

## **Directory Stack**

Change directories and push onto stack pushd dirName Pop current directory off stack popd Swap top two directories pushd List directories dirs Switch to last directory you were in (doesn't use the stack)

cd -

Show contents of top two directories

ls ~1 ~2

# History

Show last 20 commands history 20 **Rerun last command** Rerun command with given number *!command number* Rerun last command beginning with prefix !bla Rerun last command containing string !?bla

# History (continued)

# Run last command substituting foo for bar ^foo^bar

Rerun last command substituting all instances of foo with bar

!!:gs/bar/foo

List (don't run) last command starting with foo !foo:p

Last parameter of last command

!\$

All parameters of last command

! \*

## Editor mode in the shell

Add to ~/.bashrc set -o vi Enter vi mode <ESC> Within vi mode: Use vim commands (f,  $^{,}$ ,  $^{,}$ , i, ...) Exit vim mode: <ESC> (or <return> to execute command)

# SSH Keys

Login via ssh without typing username and password

- Create ssh key
- Copy public key to remote host (~/.ssh/ authorized\_keys)

## Tmux

Window manager in terminal window Create new screen session tmux Attach to existing screen session tmux a Create new screen <Ctrl-B>c Switch screens <Ctrl-B>n Enter/exit scrollback mode <Ctrl-B>[ Help <Ctrl-B>?

## Outline

### General

### **Meta-optimizations**

## Meta-optimizations

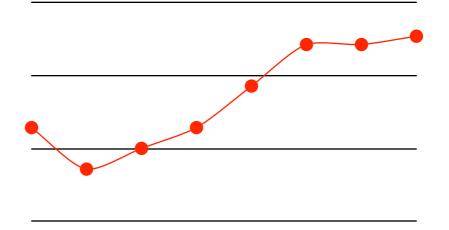
### Learn your tools

Become {bash,vim,emacs,WebStorm,...}-savvy

### Keep notes

~/notebook.txt

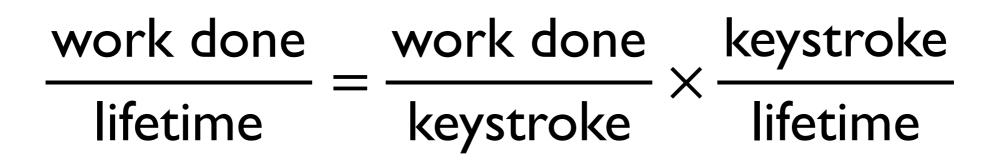
Performance curve when learning:



Learning is an investment: pay some immediate productivity for increased future productivity

/usr/bin/vimtutor

### Increase the amount of work done

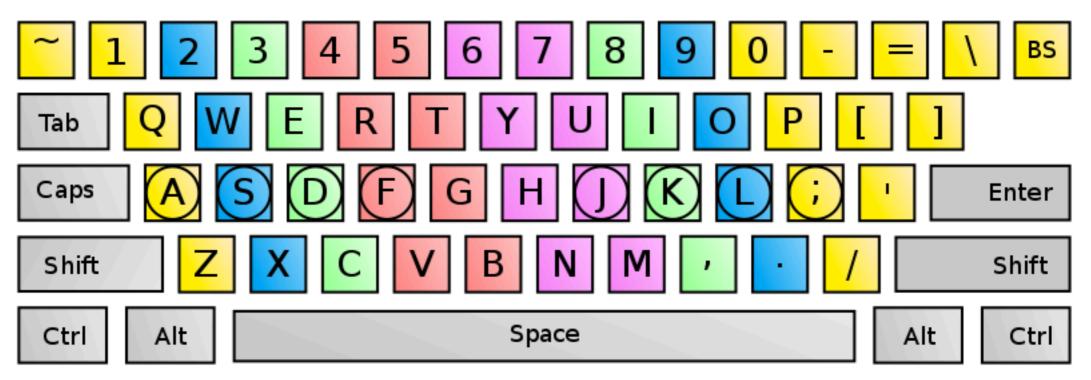


# Type faster!

### Learn to touch-type in 4 easy steps:

### 1. Print out keyboard chart

Chart from <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Touch\_typing.svg">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Touch\_typing.svg</a>



- 2. Mount chart near your monitor
- 3. Don't *ever* look at your keyboard while typing (if temptation is too great, buy a <u>keyboard with</u> <u>blank keys</u>)
- 4. Always use the "correct" fingering